The MDGs represent a global partnership that has grown from the commitments and targets established at the world summits of the 1990s. Responding to the world's main development challenges and to the calls of civil society, the MDGs promote poverty reduction, education, maternal health, gender equality, and aim at combating child mortality, AIDS and other diseases.

Set for the year 2015, the MDGs are an agreed set of goals that can be achieved if all actors work together and do their part. Poor countries have pledged to govern better, and invest in their people through health care and education. Rich countries have pledged to support them, through aid, debt relief, and fairer trade.

The Declaration consolidates a set of inter-connected development goals into a global agenda.

1) Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger
2) Achieve universal primary education
3) Promote gender equality and empower women
4) Reduce child mortality
5) Improve maternal health
6) Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases
7) Ensure environmental sustainability
8) Develop a global partnership for development

For more info on Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), please visit [http://www.undp.org/mdg](http://www.undp.org/mdg)

MDG monitoring takes place at the global and country levels. At the global level, the UN Secretary-General reports annually to the General Assembly on the implementation of the Millennium Declaration. Every five years, the report will include a comprehensively review of progress towards the MDGs. The reports of the UN Secretary-General are available at [http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/index.html](http://www.un.org/millenniumgoals/index.html).

These reports will support a dynamic campaign to help keep the eyes of the world fixed on the MDGs.
Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)

At the country level, MDG Reports or Reviews (MDGRs) are meant to help engage political leaders and top decision-makers, as well as to mobilise civil society, communities, the general public, parliamentarians and the media in a debate about human development. Triggering action for accelerating MDG progress is the ultimate objective of MDGR. In this framework, Suriname has developed the following reports:

Suriname MDF Baseline Report (2005)